



NATIONAL CURRICULUM

*What should I already know?*

- Be aware of how Sikhs treat the Guru Granth Sahib.
- Understand the rules of behaviour in a special place.
- Identify some Sikh values.
- Understand Why Guru Nanak's birthday is special to Sikhs.
- Recognise the effect the ten Gurus had on the way that Sikhs live their lives.
- Retell some of the stories of the Gurus and understand why the Gurus matter to Sikhs.
- Identify times and experiences when we have helped others and make links to the Gurus.



*What will I know by the end of this unit?*

- Recap that the Guru Granth Sahib are the sacred words for Sikhs.
- Recognise the importance of the Gurdwara in the life of the Sikh community and be able to describe a Gurdwara 'House of the Guru' using photographs. Be able to describe what happens there. Recognise the different sections/features of a Gurdwara. Be able to discuss the Sikh practice of service to others.
- Recognise the Sikh statement of belief - Ik Onkar - there is only one God. Be able to create an artistic representation of some Sikh beliefs about God, including different names/titles of God for display.

*Key beliefs*

These values are expressed through their daily lives within their community.

- Sikhs believe in only one God
- different religions are all paths to the same God
- everyone is equal in God's eyes
- be part of a fellowship: worship, eat and serve together (langar kitchen)
- wear the 5k's

*Special Places*

Gurdwara is the Sikhs place of worship. Gurdwara means 'house of doors' or 'the doors that lead to the Guru'. It has four doors to show all are welcome. The Gurdwara is used for:

- meetings
- worshipping God
- children and adults to learn the Punjabi
- celebration of important occasions - weddings (Anand Karji) and births.
- relaxation Gurdwaras fly the Sikh flag outside (Nishan Sahib).



- Recognise and describe some special Sikh ceremonies. Be able to describe the meaning of the word ceremonies and list those they know from any faith. Investigate the following Sikh ceremonies: Naming and Amrit. Talk about recent celebrations of their own describe the similarities and differences between this and a religious celebration. Make some of the artefacts that Sikhs use during celebration.
- Appreciate some of the stories about the ten Gurus and create some art work that reflects the events of these stories. Be able to describe the qualities of someone who inspires you?

### Special festivals:

Each year, people remember and celebrate the life of Guru Nanak. There are processions through the street and firework displays.

Hola Mohalla is a three-day Sikh festival, which falls in March. Guru Gobind Singh started this festival as a day for Sikhs to practise their military exercises and they hold mock battles.



## SCHOOL KEY DRIVERS

Language	Possibilities	Diversity
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sikhs</li> <li>• Gurdwara</li> <li>• Guru</li> <li>• Granth Sahib</li> <li>• Sargun</li> <li>• Nirgun</li> <li>• Guru Nanak</li> <li>• Guru Angad</li> <li>• Guru Amar Das</li> <li>• Guru Ram Das</li> <li>• Guru Arjan</li> <li>• Guru Hargobind</li> <li>• Guru Har Rai</li> <li>• Guru Harkishan</li> <li>• Guru Tegh Bahadur</li> <li>• Guru Gobind Singh</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To visit a gurdwara which is the Sikh place of worship.</li> </ul>	<p>To understand different cultures and beliefs.</p>